

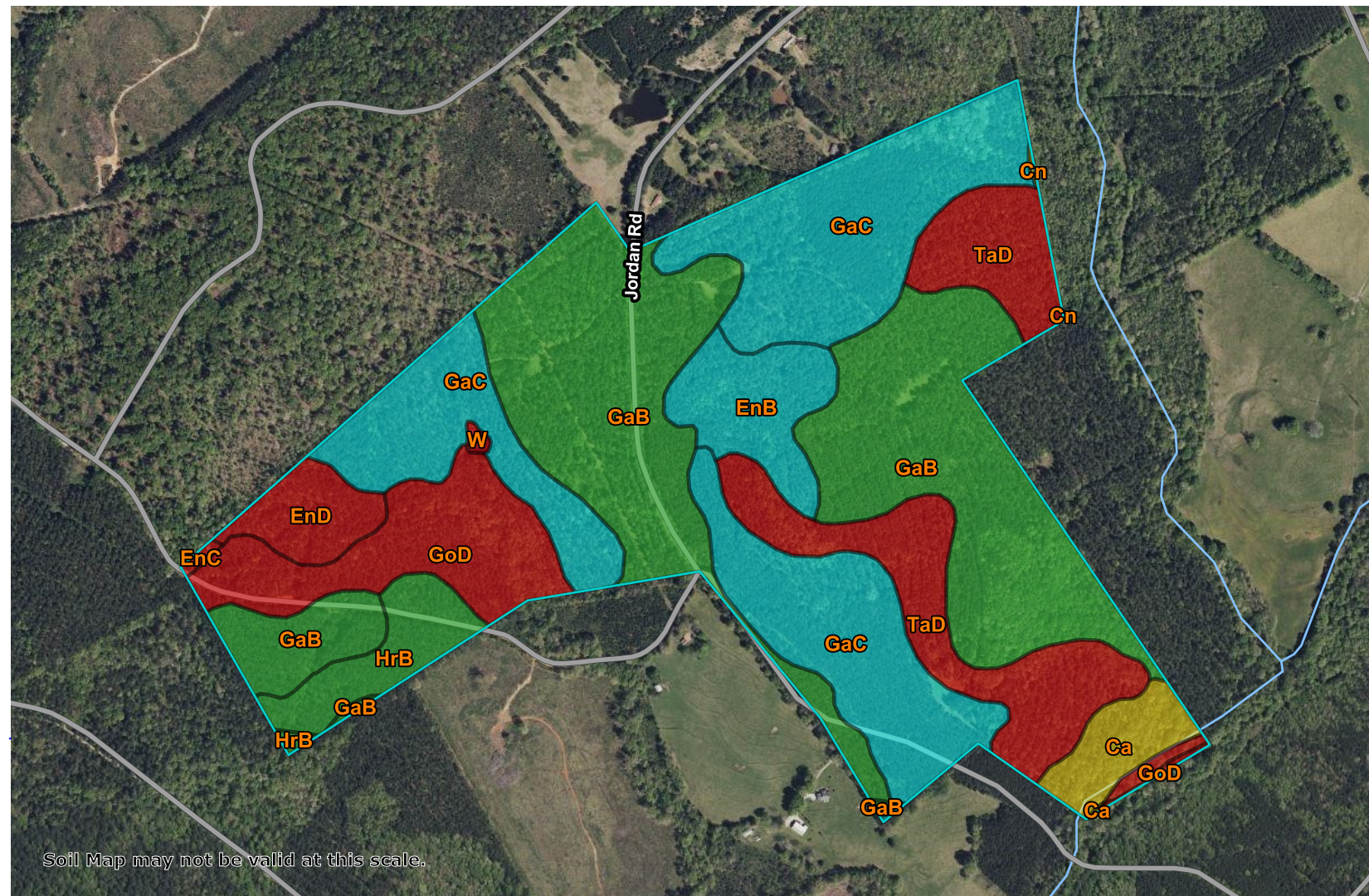
Farmland Classification—Greenwood County, South Carolina, and McCormick County, South Carolina

82° 7' 44" W

82° 6' 9" W

33° 59' 43" N

33° 59' 43" N



33° 58' 52" N

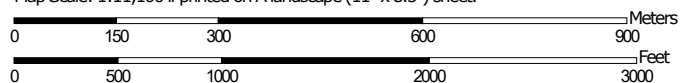
33° 58' 52" N

82° 7' 44" W

82° 6' 9" W



Map Scale: 1:11,100 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



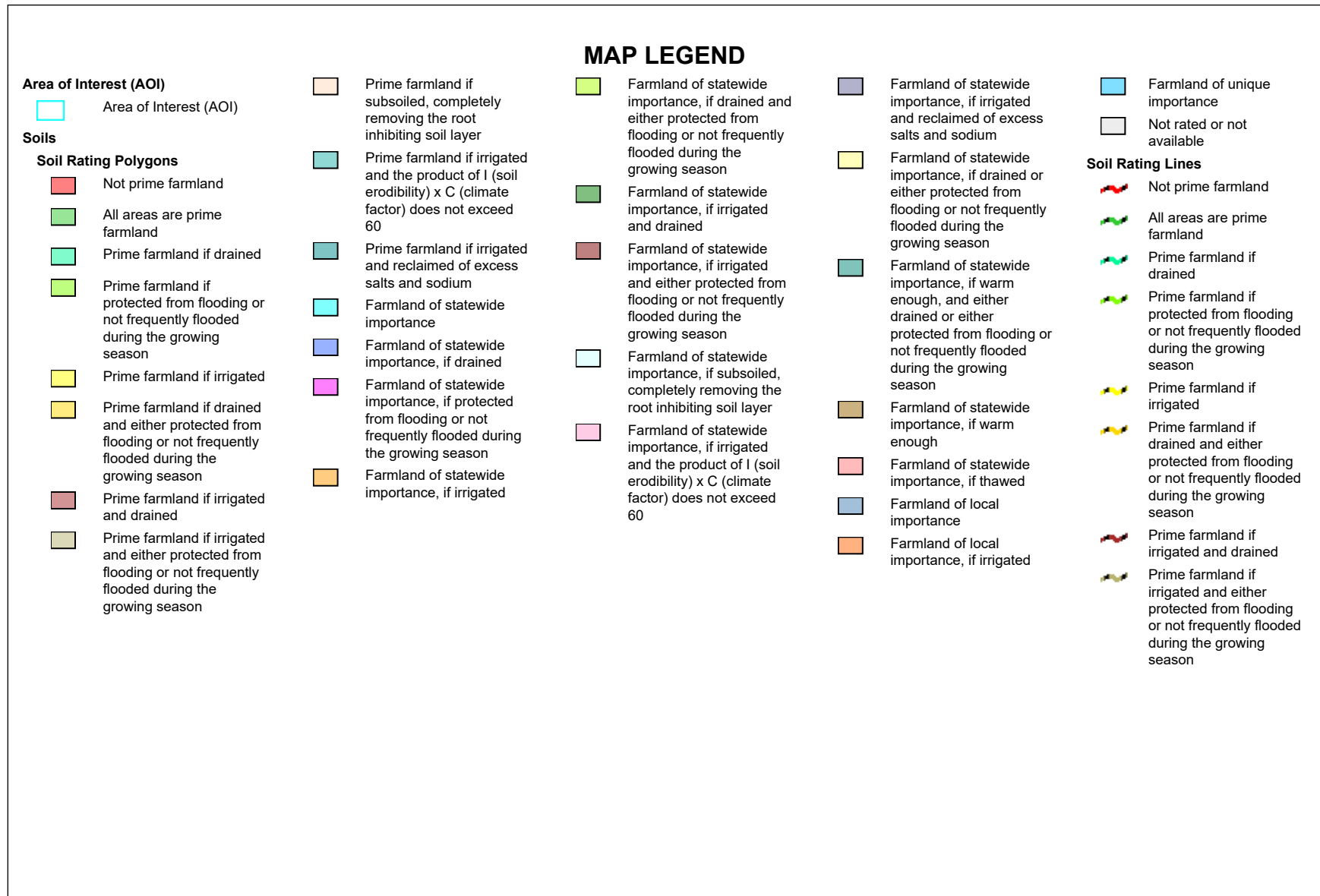
Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84



**Natural Resources
Conservation Service**

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

10/27/2025
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Farmland Classification—Greenwood County, South Carolina, and McCormick County, South Carolina

	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer		Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium		Farmland of unique importance		Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60		Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained		Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	Soil Rating Points			Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60
	Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium		Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		Not prime farmland		Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
	Farmland of statewide importance		Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer		Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed		Prime farmland if drained		Farmland of statewide importance
	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained		Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60		Farmland of local importance		Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		Farmland of statewide importance, if drained
	Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season				Farmland of local importance, if irrigated		Prime farmland if irrigated		Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated						Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated
							Prime farmland if irrigated and drained		
							Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season		

Farmland Classification—Greenwood County, South Carolina, and McCormick County, South Carolina



Farmland Classification

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ca	Cartecay and Toccoa soils	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	7.7	2.7%
Cn	Chewacla loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	0.1	0.0%
EnB	Enon sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	13.8	4.8%
EnC	Enon sandy loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	0.4	0.1%
EnD	Enon sandy loam, 10 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	7.9	2.8%
GaB	Georgeville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	102.7	35.7%
GaC	Georgeville silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	82.6	28.7%
GoD	Goldston slaty silt loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	24.2	8.4%
HrB	Herndon silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	10.2	3.5%
TaD	Tarrus silt loam, 10 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	36.3	12.6%
W	Water	Not prime farmland	0.4	0.1%
Subtotals for Soil Survey Area			286.5	99.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			287.6	100.0%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ca	Cartecay and Toccoa soils	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	0.0	0.0%
GaB	Georgeville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	0.2	0.1%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GaC	Georgeville silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	0.1	0.0%
GoD	Goldston slaty silt loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	0.4	0.1%
HrB	Herndon silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	0.4	0.1%
Subtotals for Soil Survey Area			1.1	0.4%
Totals for Area of Interest			287.6	100.0%

Description

Farmland classification identifies map units as prime farmland, farmland of statewide importance, farmland of local importance, or unique farmland. It identifies the location and extent of the soils that are best suited to food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. NRCS policy and procedures on prime and unique farmlands are published in the "Federal Register," Vol. 43, No. 21, January 31, 1978.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: No Aggregation Necessary

Tie-break Rule: Lower